CRONIN & COMPANY

Company registration number: 508012

First Music Contact CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Financial statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

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CRONIN & COMPANY

First Music Contact CLG Company limited by guarantee

	Directors and other information
	Directors and other information
Directors	Yvonne Gibbons Brian Barnes Lisa McDonald
	Joseph Clarke Laurence Mackin
Secretary	Mary McPoland
Company number	508012
Registered office	18 South Great Georges Street Dublin 2
Business address	18 South Great George's Street Dublin 2
Auditor	Cronin & Company 1 Terenure Place Terenure
	Dublin 6W
Bankers	Bank of Ireland College Green Dublin 2

Directors report

	The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31/12/20.
C	Directors
	The names of the persons who at any time during the financial year were directors of the company are as follows:
	Yvonne Gibbons Brian Barnes
	Lisa McDonald
	Joseph Clarke Laurence Mackin
	Principal activities
	The principal activity of the company is that of running a not for profit organisation providing information, advice and production resources for musicians.
	Development and performance
	The directors of the company are satisfied with the overall performance of the company for the financial year. Turnover has increased year on year, while cost effeciency reviews have ensured the company increased its
	net profit at the end of the financial period. The company faced a particularly difficult year due to the Covid 19 Pandemic. They received a number of Grants which they administered to assist during the restrictions imposed by the Government.
	Principal risks and uncertainties All companies operating in the not for profit sector, the company faces funding issues on an annual basis as well as the lack of reserves held to cover more challenging years.
7	During the year, the Irish Government introduced regulations in regards to the Covid-19 pandemic. Restrictions worldwide had a knock on effects to the global economy. Both the restrictions and financial impact has had an effect on the how First Music Contact could operate in 2020 and beyond.
_j	As a not for profit company, First Music Contact CLG, seeks to hold a reserve equivalent to months income.
	which is in line with good practice in this sector. The company has increased its reserves over the past number of years to meet this requirement.
	Likely future developments
	The directors' do not envisage any changes to the principal activity of the company.
	Dividends During the financial year the directors have not paid any dividends or recommended payment of a final dividend.
	Events after the end of the reporting period There were no post balance sheet events.
	Research and development There was no research and development during the period.
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\bigcap	(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)
	Directors report (continued)
	Accounting records
	The measures taken by the directors to secure compliance with the requirements of sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records are the implementation of necessary policies and procedures for recording transactions, the employment of competent accounting
	personnel with appropriate expertise and the provision of adequate resources to the financial function. The accounting records of the company are located at 18 South Great George's Street, Dublin 2.
	Relevant audit information
	In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved in accordance with
	section 332 of Companies Act 2014:
	• so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory
	 auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make
<u> </u>	himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory
\cap	auditors are aware of that information.
	This report was approved by the board of directors on 26/03/21 and signed on behalf of the board by:
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	manchino.
J	Yvonne Gibbons Brian Barnes
_	Director Director

Directors responsibilities statement

\prod	The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.
	Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the
	company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.
	In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to: • select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; • make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
	 state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
	 prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.
	The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014
	and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of First Music Contact CLG

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	Report on the audit of the financial statements
	Opinion We have audited the financial statements of First Music Contact CLG (the 'company') for the financial year ended 31/12/20 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of income and retained earnings, balance sheet, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of
	significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.
	 In our opinion, the financial statements: give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31/12/20 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
	 have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.
	Basis for opinion
	We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in
	accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
	Conclusions relating to going concern We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to
	 report to you where: the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
	 the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.
7	Other Information
ا ا	The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly
	stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
The state of the s	In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a
	material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.
	We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report to the members of First Music Contact CLG (continued)

	Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014 Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that: in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements; and in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.
	We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
	In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
	Matters on which we are required to report by exception Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.
	The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.
	Respective responsibilities
	Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
	In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
	Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
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Independent auditor's report to the members of First Music Contact CLG (continued)

	professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
	 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
	 Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
	• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
	 Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
	 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
	We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
1	The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities
	Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members
	those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.
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Independent auditor's report to the members of First Music Contact CLG (continued)

Donal Cronin (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Cronin & Company Certified Public Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm
1 Terenure Place Terenure Dublin 6W
26/03/21

Profit and loss account Financial year ended 31/12/20

		Note	2020 €	2019 €
7	Turnover	5	1,613,609	458,946
j	Cost of sales		(1,412,503)	(252,052)
)	Gross profit		201,106	206,894
j	Administrative expenses		(171,511)	(161,120)
	Operating profit	6	29,595	45,774
	Profit before taxation		29,595	45,774
	Tax on profit		_	
	Profit for the financial year		29,595	45,774

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The company has no other recognised items of income and expenses other than the results for the financial year as set out above.

Statement of income and retained earnings Financial year ended 31/12/20

	2020 €	2019
Profit for the financial year	29,595	45,774
Retained earnings at the start of the financial year	29,179	(16,595)
Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	58,774	29,179

Balance sheet As at 31/12/20

. 3	2	2020	2019	e
	Note €	€	€	€
 Current assets				
Debtors	9 36,589)	11,053	
Cash at bank and in hand	1,044,266	3	35,530	
י	1,080,855	5	46,583	
Creditors: amounts falling due				
within one year	11 (1,022,081	-	(17,404)	
Net current assets		58,774		29,179
Total assets less current liabilitie	s	58,774		29,179
Net assets		58,774		29,179
Capital and reserves				
Profit and loss account	12	58,774		29,179
Members funds		58,774		29,179
These financial statements were ap board by:	oproved by the board of direc	tors on 26/03/21 a	and signed on bel	alf of the
v O	-		\sim	

Yvonne Gibbons

Director

The notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Brian Barnes

Director

Statement of cash flows Financial year ended 31/12/20

			2020	2019
		Note	€	€
	Cash flows from operating activities			
	Profit for the financial year		29,595	45,774
	Adjustments for:			
	Accrued expenses/(income)		18,670	4,520
	Changes in:			
	Trade and other debtors		(25,536)	(5,609)
	Trade and other creditors		987,471	(19,314)
\Box	Cash generated from operations		1,010,200	25,371
	Net cash from operating activities		1,010,200	25,371
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,010,200	25,371
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	10	32,515	7,144
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	10	1,042,715	32,515

		Notes to the financial statements Financial year ended 31/12/20
<u></u>	1.	General information
		The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is 18 South Great Georges Street, Dublin 2.
	2.	Statement of compliance
		These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.
	3.	Accounting policies and measurement bases
		Basis of preparation The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.
		The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.
		Turnover
		Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.
		Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.
_		

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/12/20

	Financial instruments
	A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.
	Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.
	Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.
	Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.
	Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an
	asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.
	Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.
	Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.
	For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.
	Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.
4.	Limited by guarantee
	The company converted to a Company Limited by Gurantee without any shares in 2018.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/12/20

5. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2020	2019
	€	€
Grants	1,215,168	111,000
Activities for Generating Funds	398,441	347,946
	1,613,609	458,946

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company which is wholly undertaken in Ireland.

Restricted Income & Expenditure

		31/12/20
	€	€
IMRO/Spotify Grants		
Grant Received		329,161
Directly Associated Expenditure		
Covid 19 Artists Fund Disbursements	327,750	
Covid 19 Artists Fund Legal & Banking Costs	2,111	
		329,861
Excessive Expenditure		700
Culture Ireland - MISP Grant		
Grant Released to Income & Expediture		716,633
Directly Associated Expenditure		
MISP Grant Artist Disbursements	698,947	
Wages & Salaries Covered	17,686	
		716,633

First Music Contact CLG received a grant of € 1,700,000 from Culture Ireland in 2020 to assist artists affected by the Covid 19 pandemic.

At the balance sheet date, First Music Contact CLG distributed and expensed a total of € 716,633. The equivalent funds were released from the Balance Sheet as income. The balance of € 983,367 has been deferred in the balance sheet. This amount will be released to the Income & Expenditure Account in 2021 as the company disburses the remaining balance.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/12/20

L.i				
\Box	6.	Operating profit		
		Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		1 31	2020	2019
\bigcap			€	€
		Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	2,360	1,650
	7.	Staff costs		
		The average number of persons employed by the company during the	e financial vear, in	cluding the
		directors, was as follows:	,	
			2020	2019
_			Number	Number
		Staff	3	2
Π		The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:		
			2020	2019
_			€	€
		Wages and salaries	131,094	112,612
U				
	8.	Appropriations of profit and loss account		
	0.	Appropriations of profit and 1033 account	2020	2019
			€	€
		At the start of the financial year	29,179	(16,595)
		Profit for the financial year	29,595	45,774
r				
		At the end of the financial year	58,774	29,179 ======
	9.	Debtors		
	3 .	Deptois	2020	2019
			2020	€
		Trade debtors	17,840	9,650
		Other debtors	18,749	1,403
		0.1101 400.010		
			36,589	11,053
1				

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/12/20

.i 10.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2020	2019
.)	Cash at bank and in hand	€ 1,044,266	€ 35,530
)	Bank overdrafts	(1,551)	(3,015)
]		1,042,715	32,515
]			
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2000	2010
		2020 €	2019 €
)	Amounts owed to credit institutions	1,551	3,015
	Trade creditors	649	2,799
	Tax and social insurance:		
	PAYE and social welfare Accruals	4,604	44 500
	Deferred income	30,260 985,017	11,590 -
		1,022,081	17,404
12.	Reserves		
	Reserves being a special reserves movement of tangible assets from December 2013. During the year this reserve was transferred to the reserves		
13.	Controlling party		
	The company converted from a Limited company with sharehold Guarantee in 2018. There is no longer a controlling interest.	ding to a Company	Limited by
14.	Approval of financial statements		
	The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue o	n 26 March 2021.	

CRONIN & COMPANY

First Music Contact CLG	
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share C	apital)

The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts.

Detailed profit and loss account Financial year ended 31/12/20

		2020 €	2019 €
רו			
	Turnover	111,000	111,000
	Arts Council Grant	41,624	-
Γ	Arts Council Emergency Fund	15,000	_
	Arts Council Capacity Grant	160,367	175,446
	IMW/HWCH Income	84,524	123,088
	Music from Ireland	127,600	-
	Music From Ireland - Ireland Performs	25,950	49,412
	First Music Contact	329,161	-
	Donations - Covid 19	716,633	-
	MISP Grant Income	1,750	-
	Other income	1 612 600	458,946
		1,613,609	400,040
U			
\cap	Cost of sales	(142,835)	(81,644)
	IMW/HWCH Costs	(209,890)	(142,496)
C3	Music from Ireland Costs	(21,140)	(27,912)
\Box	First music contact costs	(9,830)	-
	Keychange Covid 19 Artist Fund	(327,750)	-
	Other Costs of Sales	(2,111)	-
F1	MISP Disbursements	(698,947)	
	MIGF Dispursemente	(1,412,503)	(252,052)
П			206,894
	Gross profit	201,106	200,094
		12.5%	45.1%
	Gross profit percentage	12.070	
C-3	Overheads	(171,511)	(161,120)
	Administrative expenses	(171,511)	(161,120)
U		(171,311)	(101,120)
		20 505	45,774
	Operating profit	29,595	70,177
		1.8%	10.0%
	Operating profit percentage		
	Profit before taxation	29,595	45,774

Detailed profit and loss account (continued) Financial year ended 31/12/20

		2020 €	2019 €
	Overheads		
Ñ	Administrative expenses		
	Wages and salaries	(113,408)	(112,612)
	Wages and Salaries - MISP	(17,686)	-
\bigcap	Rent payable	(9,000)	(8,400)
زا	Insurance	(2,667)	(2,381)
	Light and heat	-	(179)
\bigcap	Repairs and maintenance		(1,896)
	Printing, postage and stationery	(937)	(1,567)
	Advertising	(4,290)	(4,266)
\bigcap	Telephone	(1,797)	(1,436)
	Computer costs	(6,532)	(6,542)
	Travelling and entertainment	(942)	(10,544)
Γ	Legal and professional	(1,428)	(2,300)
	Accountancy fees	(9,488)	(4,200)
	Auditors remuneration	(2,360)	(1,650)
\Box	Bank charges	(464)	(484)
t	General expenses	(512)	(2,663)
		(171,511)	(161,120)